

Integration with CrysAlisPro Agilent Technologies (former Oxford Diffraction)

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http://www.oxford-diffraction.com/



- Support for up to 2Kg on the phi axis
- Better than 10 micron sphere of confusion



Xcalibur [™] PD



SeperNova ™ Hi-flux dual wavelength micro-focus Mo & Cu X-ray sources

Oxford Diffraction diffractometers driving program: CrysAlis^{Pro} ™

CrysAlisPro is accessible either via a graphical user interface or by a command line interface and can be operated under fully automatic, semi-automatic or **completely manual control**. A typical experiment is conducted in three stages:

1) **Automatic crystal screening** - A short pre-experiment of <5 minutes evaluates the crystal quality, providing unit cell and best exposure time information

2) **Strategy computation** - Sophisticated automatic strategy software calculates optimal conditions for fast, high quality, complete data collection

3) **Data collection and concurrent data reduction** - As data is collected, intelligent routines tune the parameters to give the best quality integrated data

CrysAlisPro also provides several specialist tools for dealing with non-standard and problematic crystals. These include:

- * Movie based face indexation absorption correction
- * Advanced unit cell finding
- * Reciprocal space viewer
- * Twinning
- * Incommensurates
- * High Pressure
- * Powders

CrysAlisPro outputs data in HKLF format and interfaces directly with OLEX2, SHELX and third party data reduction packages including MOSFLM and XDS. CrysAlisPro is provided under a multi-site, multi-user licence.

(1) Introduction to CrysAlisPro

- (2) General remarks
- (3) Centre DAC
- (4) Data collection
- (5) Pre-analysis by user
- (6) Best possible data reduction for high pressure data
 - Get good unit cell
 - **Data reduction**
 - **Absorption correction**



Good practice:

Measure crystal in air

Measure crystal in DAC

without pressure / pressure transmitting medium

Measure crystal with increasing pressure

Have a datasheet for each measurement

Have a datasheet for each data integration

Example of a data sheet for each measurement

| | | Date: |
|---|-----------------------------|--|
| Title (directory/filename) Chem. composition DAC-front facing X-ray for ω = | = φ = κ = 0° | |
| Used cell LH-0806- Pressure [GPa]: time between chan AP ruby Indent of gasket: Ø of gasket hole: 250 micron Crystal size: | ge of P and m | easurement |
| Detector distance: 90 mm Exposure time: 60 sec | ame): Make an diamond | image of crystal on before closing DAC |
| Strategy of measurement: | Take care | about orientation of DAC |
| Lattice parameter, S.G: a α Notes: | b β | c γ |
| | | |

Example of a data sheet for each measurement

Date:

<u>Title</u> (directory/filename) Chem. composition \Box DAC-front facing X-ray for $\omega = \varphi = \kappa = 0^{\circ}$

Used cell LH-0806-Pressure [GPa]:

time between change of P and measurement

b

β

AP ruby

Indent of gasket: Ø of gasket hole: 250 micron Crystal size: Image of crystal (directory/filename):

Detector distance: 90 mm Exposure time: 60 sec Generator setting (kV, mA): 50/40 Strategy of measurement:

Lattice parameter, S.G:

a α Notes:



С

γ

Example of a data sheet for each measurement



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See notes on morning talk "Diffractometry Data Collection"

(1) Put on DAC in correct orientation

 $\sqrt{}$ DAC-front facing X-ray for $\omega = \varphi = \kappa = 0^{\circ}$

See notes on morning talk "Diffractometry Data Collection"

- (1) Put on DAC in correct orientation
- (2) Look perpendicular to diamond surface:



Rotate DAC until the face of the DAC is exactly horizontal, as measured by a spirit level. Gently tighten the height locking screw on the goniometer head.

See notes on morning talk "Diffractometry Data Collection"

- (1) Put on DAC in correct orientation
- (2) Look perpendicular to diamond surface
- (3) Visual pre-centering

See notes on morning talk "Diffractometry Data Collection"

- (1) Put on DAC in correct orientation
- (2) Look perpendicular to diamond surface
- (3) Visual pre-centering
- (4) Precise Centre with X-ray beam

Type in the following commands

or write a macro *filename.mac* with these commands :

| gt p -25 | gt e 0 0 90 0 |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| card raw on 0.1 | card raw on 0.1 |
| ip copy dc2 dc1 | ip copy dc2 dc1 |
| gt p 25 | gt e 0 0 -90 0 |
| card raw on 0.1 | card raw on 0.1 |
| ip subtract dcc dc1 dc2 | ip subtract dcc dc1 dc2 |
| gt p 0 | gt e 0 0 0 0 |

Call the macro with the command script *filename.mac*

See notes on morning talk "Diffractometry Data Collection"

- (1) Put on DAC in correct orientation
- (2) Look perpendicular to diamond surface
- (3) Visual pre-centering
- (4) Precise Centre with X-ray beam

Type in the following commands

or write a macro *filename.mac* with these commands :

gt p -25 card raw on 0.1 ip copy dc2 dc1 gt p 25 card raw on 0.1 ip subtract dcc dc1 dc2 gt p 0

BEAMSTOP IN AFTER THAT!

Call the macro with the command script *filename.mac*

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- 2 options for full experiment:
- (1) pre-designed runs
- (2) Experiment strategy from CrysAlisPro

(1) Pre-set run file:

Diego Gatta has designed run files for data collection with the Sapphire-3 CCD set at *dd*=80mm and a DAC with a half-opening angle of 40 degrees:

DAC_psi40_dd80_tth60_full_sapphire3.run DAC_psi40_dd80_tth80_full_sapphire3.run

Both run files attempt to cover all of accessible reciprocal space. If only onehalf of that space is required, then the runs at negative values of 2-theta can be deleted.

I have a copy of this file for distribution.

Start/Stop -> New (no pre-experiment)

| Edit da | tacollec | tion runs (| (1.0.20) (De | etector dis | tance = 80.50mm) | | | | | | | | × |
|--|---|--|--|--|---|---|--|---|--|--|--|--------|------------------|
| Į | 4 | Edit c | lata co | llectio | n runs | | | | | | Cry | sAl | Pro IS |
| Nam | e of expe | eriment: K | alsilite_P1 | | | | | | | | He | lp | ĺ. |
| Data | a collectio | n directory: | F:\Lavori\K | alsilite\Kalsili | te\Milano\HP-exp\P1 | | | | | B | | | |
| Tota DC f Ref l | II # of frar rames: frames: | nes: 1256 1256 0 | | | Disk space required Disk space required Disk space available Approximate data co | for all runs (N for todo runs e ollection time | 1B): (MB): | 332.06 0.00 354226.27 45:40 | | Export | umpu t | ort | \mathbf{D} |
| #run | type | start | end | width | time | omega | detector | kappa | phi | #to do | #done | | |
| [1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [9] [10] [11] [11] ▼ | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | -40.000 -20.000 -97.000 -63.000 -20.000 -40.000 -40.000 -33.000 -33.000 -13.000 | 20.000 40.000 -37.000 0.000 20.000 -20.000 40.000 -33.000 -13.000 7.000 | 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 0.500 | 60.000 + 60.000 60.000 + 60.000 | - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - | -20.000 20.000 -20.000 -40.000 -40.000 -60.000 -60.000 -60.000 -40.000 40.000 | 0.000 0.000 134.600 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 39.460 39.460 39.460 | 0.000 0.000 -56.900 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 -12.900 -12.900 -12.900 | 120 120 92 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 | 120 120 92 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 | ▼ ▶ | · T K + |
| | Data colle | ection frame | C Reference | ce frames | reference r | runs frequenc | y = 1 per 0 | de frames | | Ch | ange ref. freq. | | |
| Run | function Edi Select to | s t | Expand : Done nu | select Imber | Run list functions Global width Global time | | ange theta ert done run: | s | Delete | referr (| ed to: O all runs O selected ru | uns | |

<u>Optionally:</u>

Prevent remeasuring on diamond reflection overflow: ccd skipremeasure 1

| | CrysAlis CCD program options (1.0.45) |
|--|---|
| <u>Data collection:</u> <u>Optionally:</u> | Peak table Color codes Beam stop Angular limits Goniometer SM\PX Compression Dark Generator Programs E-mail Instrument model I Instrument model II Monochromator Fonts Run list size CCD Processing User/access Distance calibration This dialog allows you to change CCD related properties CCD Processing CCD |
| Prevent remeasuring on dia ccd skipremeasure 1 Shell command window (Crtl - interrupts) Command shell | Data collection properties Data collection mode Standard Stip image correlation (no Standard Skip overflow remeasure Screening Auto save uncorrelated fre Screening without correlation Take frame as multiple High dynamic with normal correlation |
| REDCCDRAMP: Spellman device locked OK. (Wed Aug 01Spellman device ramping to: kV=20.00,mA+5.00Spellman device write OK: kV=20.00,mA+5.00,0RAMF: Spellman device unlock OK (Wed Aug 01RAMP: Spellman device shutdown OK (Wed Aug 01RAMPING INFO: Ramping after 30m 0.05Spellman device initializedRAMP: Spellman device locked OK. (Thu Aug 02RAMP: Spellman device unlock OK (Thu Aug 02 | Record movie during data collection Append spikes to image |
| RAMP: Spellman device shutdown OK (Thu Aug 0 F12 Recovering position price to F12 RAMPING INFO: Ramping after 30m 00s Spellman device initialized RAMP: Spellman device locked OK. (Thu Aug 02 RAMP: Spellman device unlock OK (Thu Aug 02 RAMP: Spellman device shutdown OK (Thu Aug 0 Innerner Ortical Consel | Data collection speed-up options NONE |
| Options CCD | Save to master file on exit OK Cancel Help Close |

Optionally:

ccd skipremeasure 1 to prevent remeasuring on diamond reflection overflow.

Collision test: dc stest

Pre-Experiment

Delete 3 Standard runs

Make phi- or omega scan from -15 to +15

Good time to get an estimate of intensities: 10 - 30sec / frame

Width: 1°

Make sure you make no other changes after editing the runs!

(in this case CrysAlisPro goes back to the 3 standard runs for a pre-experiment)

| 🌑 pre_ | TI-Silikat_7 | Agilent automode pre-experiment (1.1.8) | × <u>- 8 ×</u> |
|--|--------------|---|----------------|
| Ê | | Pro Pro CrysAlis | X-ray |
| | | Path and user | (ray) C Level |
| 010 1001 → 11011 → | | Path is ok! Experiment: exp 2097 in folder N:\Volker\TI-Silikat\exp 2097 Set user Experiment performer: | |
| | | Type Sample type: Use pilot Small molecule Protein Options | |
| O. | | Expected chemical formula: <u>Movie</u> | 8 |
| ·Ju | 4 | Comment | |
| | | Experiment Detector settings and targets Resolution O Theta O 2Theta 0.800 Detector distance (mm): 55.0 C The same time for all tests positions (or (dar), 25.00 | |
| 3 T 1002 | | Taraet I/sia: 15.0 Run list info | |
| | | Total Pre-experiment Time: 0:17 Experiment Finish: Fri Aug 03 15:26:27 2012 No. Bunc /Eramoni 2/15 | |
| WINGH | | Automode settings | ۵ |
| + SHELL | | Auto cryo/hot device shutdown on experiment completion Auto start Experiment Use Laue Symmetry Record movie during dc. Step in deg: 6 Set total time (hrs): 15.0 Attempt AutoChem | ۵ |
| 6 2. | | - Information | nies |
| Jana | • | Recall last preexperiment settings | gius |
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| 🌑 pre_ | TI-Silika <mark>e</mark> | Edit datacollection runs (1.0.20) (Detector distance = 55.00mm) | _ & × |
|---------------|--------------------------|---|---------|
| Î | | Edit data collection runs | |
| | | Name of experiment pre_exp_2097 | Level |
| | | Total # of frames: 15 Disk space required for all runs (MB): 15.81 Export Import DC frames: 15 Disk space required for todo runs (MB): 15.81 Ref frames: 0 Disk space available (Mbytes): 1880907.60 Approximate data collection time (h:min): 0:17 Append | |
| . * | | #run type start ond width time omega detect kappa phi #to do #done 1 0 28.000 33.000 1.000 25.000 + 25.000 - 10.839 -70.000 90.000 5 0 2 0 28.000 33.000 1.000 25.000 + 25.000 - -12.245 70.000 0.000 5 0 - - - - - 12.245 70.000 90.000 5 0 - - - - - - 12.245 70.000 90.000 5 0 - - - - - - - - - - - 12.245 70.000 90.000 5 0 - - - - - - - - - 12.245 70.000 90.000 5 0 - - - - - 12.245 70.000 | ٥ |
| | | | |
| WINGK | | Type of run list | 0 |
| SHELL | | Edit Expand select Select to new Done number Global time Invert done runs Global time Invert done runs | 0 |
| Jana | Image | New runs: Choose a scan type | |
| 🏄 Start | 🥖 🕻 | 🙆 🚱 🐣 🛛 🕥 pre_TI-Silikat_7 | 3:10 PM |

(2) Use CrysAlisPro for Experiment strategy

IMPORTANT:

Looooong enough exposure time!!!!

REDUNDANT data

Advanced: HP opening angle: 40° -dependant on used cell!

periment Strategy (1.1.5)



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Pre-Analysis by the user:

(1) Look through all frames:

Is there exposure on all frames

or are some frames shadowed by the cell?

USE ONLY FRAMES WITH SAMPLE REFLECTIONS!

(2) Is the beamstop shadow in the correct place and of good size?(if change necessary: save with wd cal)

(3) Look at results from automatic data reduction



🕼 HP_DEMO_ - CrysAlisPro Gemini ultra system (Mo wavelength active) - RED view: E:\OD_Work\HP_DEMO\HP_DEMO_\HP_DEMO_.par







Dc rrp

| | | or data | ooncourc | on and | reduction r | esults | | | G |
|---|--|---|--|--|--|---|---|--|---|
| Data reduction | file contents | Data r | eduction output | : [| Red graphs | 1 | Data collection o | utput | Device |
| 1.34-1.17 | 350 | 65 | 65 | 100.0 | 5.4 | 4376.16 | 16.47 | 0.115 | 0.046 |
| 1.17-1.07 | 269 | 65 | 65 | 100.0 | 4.1 | 3042.06 | 11.77 | 0.218 | 0.075 |
| 1.07-0.98 | 264 | 67 | 65 | 97.0 | 4.1 | 3034.99 | 10.47 | 0.359 | 0.089 |
| 0.98-0.92 | 266 | 68 | 66 | 97.1 | 4.0 | 2304.14 | 8.57 | 0.288 | 0.098 |
| 0.92-0.87 | 263 | 68 | 65 | 95.6 | 4.0 | 1477.23 | 5.79 | 0.531 | 0.146 |
| 0.87-0.83 | 204 | 67 | 65 | 97.0 | 3.1 | 1378.82 | 4.64 | 0.451 | 0.174 |
| 0.83-0.80 | 222 | 69 | 65 | 94.2 | 3.4 | 1378.41 | 4.73 | 0.549 | 0.173 |
| 0.80-0.75 | 125 | 123 | 70 | 56.9 | 1.8 | 1642.45 | 3.83 | 0.265 | 0.183 |
| inf-0.75 | 2686 | 724 | 657 | 90.7 | 4.1 | 3770.95 | 15.49 | 0.179 | 0.066 |
| inf-0.80 | 2566 | 603 | 589 | 97.7 | 4.4 | 3867.60 | 16.03 | 0.178 | 0.063 |
| Statistics | | | | | | | | | |
| resolu- tion(A) | vs resol # kept | lution (ta # theory | king redu # unique c | ndancy : % omplete | into account) average redundancy | - Laue (mean F2 | group: P6/m mean F2/sig(F2) | (hex-c) Rint | RsigmaB |
| resolu- tion(A) | vs resol # kept | lution (ta # theory | uking redu # unique c | ndancy : % omplete | into account) average redundancy 9.9 | - Laue (mean F2 7439.89 | group: P6/m mean F2/sig(F2) | (hex-c) Rint 0.070 | RsigmaB 0.017 |
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| resolu- tion(A) inf-1.70 1.69-1.33 1.33-1.15 | vs resol # kept 365 383 352 | lution (ta # theory 37 37 37 | uking redu # unique c | ndancy : % omplete 100.0 100.0 100.0 | into account) average redundancy 9.9 10.4 9.5 | - Laue (mean F2 7439.89 6698.87 4567.71 | group: P6/m mean F2/sig(F2) 46.34 41.29 21.00 | (hex-c) Rint 0.070 0.106 0.112 | RsigmaB 0.017 0.026 0.031 |
| resolu- tion(Å) inf-1.70 1.69-1.33 1.33-1.15 1.14-1.04 | vs resol # kept 365 383 352 302 | lution (te # theory 37 37 37 37 | unique c unique c | ndancy : % omplete 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 | into account) average redundancy 9.9 10.4 9.5 8.2 | - Laue (mean F2 7439.89 6698.87 4567.71 2635.08 | group: P6/m mean F2/sig(F2) 46.34 41.29 21.00 15.43 | (hex-c) Rint 0.070 0.106 0.112 0.290 | RsigmaB 0.017 0.026 0.031 0.069 |
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| resolu- tion(Å) inf-1.70 1.69-1.33 1.33-1.15 1.14-1.04 1.04-0.96 0.96-0.91 | vs resol # kept 365 383 352 302 295 244 | lution (te # theory 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 | unique c 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 | ndancy : % omplete 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 | into account) average redundancy 9.9 10.4 9.5 8.2 8.0 6.6 | - Laue (mean F2 7439.89 6698.87 4567.71 2635.08 3244.61 1602.12 | group: P6/m mean F2/sig(F2) 46.34 41.29 21.00 15.43 15.07 8.18 | (hex-c) Rint 0.070 0.106 0.112 0.290 0.390 0.395 | RsigmaB 0.017 0.026 0.031 0.069 0.066 0.102 |
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| resolu- tion(Å) inf-1.70 1.69-1.33 1.33-1.15 1.14-1.04 1.04-0.96 0.96-0.91 0.91-0.86 0.86-0.82 0.82-0.78 0.78-0.75 | vs resol # kept 365 383 352 302 295 244 274 205 197 69 | lution (te # theory 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 48 | unique c 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 | ndancy : % omplete 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 | into account) average redundancy 9.9 10.4 9.5 8.2 8.0 6.6 7.4 5.5 5.3 1.8 | - Laue (mean F2 7439.89 6698.87 4567.71 2635.08 3244.61 1602.12 1429.96 1433.78 1736.34 986.38 | group: P6/m mean F2/sig(F2) 46.34 41.29 21.00 15.43 15.07 8.18 8.00 6.41 7.15 2.72 | (hex-c) Rint 0.070 0.106 0.112 0.290 0.390 0.395 0.588 0.674 0.449 0.589 | RsigmaB 0.017 0.026 0.031 0.069 0.066 0.102 0.119 0.139 0.130 0.270 |
| resolu- tion(A) inf-1.70 1.69-1.33 1.33-1.15 1.14-1.04 1.04-0.96 0.96-0.91 0.91-0.86 0.86-0.82 0.82-0.78 0.78-0.75 inf-0.75 | vs resol # kept 365 383 352 302 295 244 274 205 197 69 | lution (te # theory 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 48 | unique c 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 39 | ndancy : % omplete 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 81.3 97.6 | into account) average redundancy 9.9 10.4 9.5 8.2 8.0 6.6 7.4 5.5 5.3 1.8 7.2 | - Laue (mean F2 7439.89 6698.87 4567.71 2635.08 3244.61 1602.12 1429.96 1433.78 1736.34 986.38 | group: P6/m mean F2/sig(F2) 46.34 41.29 21.00 15.43 15.07 8.18 8.00 6.41 7.15 2.72 20.97 | (hex-c) Rint 0.070 0.106 0.112 0.290 0.390 0.395 0.588 0.674 0.449 0.589 0.200 | RsigmaB 0.017 0.026 0.031 0.069 0.066 0.102 0.119 0.139 0.130 0.270 |

Refinalize

OK

×










Pre-Analysis by the user:

In this case of bad data:

Hint that something is not good from

(1) Looking through frames:

e.g. Run 4 has lots of non-exposed frames

(3) Automatic data reduction also shows bad RINT for run 4,

but also things are not good

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Good crystal, good centering, good data collection

→ CrysAlisPro usually finds UB

What to do if this is not the case:

- (1) New peak search with : exclude region of powder ring from gasket
- (2) Delete strong diamond reflections
- (3) Search for known cell

Good crystal, good centering, good data collection

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Good crystal, good centering, good data collection

→ CrysAlisPro usually finds UB

UB still not found:

Dataset very likely not good enough, nevertheless further tricks to find UB

(4) In reciprocal space viewer:

Delete every reflection, that you know is not from the sample

you are interested in

(5) Delete reflection list and hand pick reflections

Now, how does it work in the software:

Now, how does it work in the software:

(1) New peak search with

- (1) exclude region of powder ring from gasket
- (2) reflections around beamstop





Now, how does it work in the software:

1) New peak search with

(1) exclude region of powder ring from gasket

(2) reflections around beamstop

Either from commandline:

Command **um skipd dmax dmin** prevents peak searching between dmax and dmin

Reflection around beamstop:

skip region from 999.0 down to slightly longer than your unit-cell **um skipd 999.0 9.0**

Set a skip region for strong powder lines from gasket material:

um skipd 2.15 1.75



Now, how does it work in the software:

(2) Delete strong diamond reflections

Many ways to do that:

- Sort list by intensity and delete strongest reflections
- Intensity filter in Ewald explorer
- New Ewald explorer \rightarrow see OD talk

Lattice wizard (1.0.32)



Lattice wizard

LATTICE

Current cell (CSD: install)

6.934(4) 6.9256(14) 10.1830(8) 89.989(10) 89.956(18) 120.08(4) 423.1(2) Constrained current cell

6.9264(6) 6.9264(6) 10.1846(6) 90.0 90.0 120.0 423.15(6)

Lattice reduction

selected cell

6.9281 6.9250 10.1925 90.0894 89.9958 120.0379 hP 12

reduced cell

6.9281 6.9250 10.1925 90.0894 89.9958 120.0379 423.3

PEAK TABLE

PROFFITPEAK table UB fit with 1008 obs out of 1008 (total:1008,skipped:0) (100.00%)

INSTRUMENT MODEL

Goniometer

beam: -0.10496 alpha: 50.04096 beta: -0.02015 om zero: -0.23466 th zero: -0.12048 ka zero: 0.09952 Detector

0.04855 x-rot: -0.27970 y-rot: x-cen: 994.14203 y-cen: 1000.24653 distance: 83.00000 Wavelength Mo (Ang): A1 0.70930 A2 0.71359 B1 0.63229



| 1.261 | 02 | 2 diam | nond |
|-------|------|--------|------|
| 1 070 | . 11 | 2 diam | and |
| 1.075 |) 11 | 3 Uldi | iona |

X

Peak table editing (1.0.9)

| | ₽Ľ,ċ | Peak | table | editin | 9 | | | | | | | Č | Pro rysAlis |
|----------|------------|------------|---------------|----------|-----------------|----------|-----------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| | number | h | k | 1 | × | у | z | a | intensity | fla | 9 | prof pts | ~ |
| 11 | 303 | 0 | 3 | ź | -0.00934 | -0.30314 | 0.23004 | 1.86335 | ***** | i | 1و | 1 | |
| ١ | 460 | | -3 | | 0.03116 | 0.37779 | 0.03314 | 1.86401 | 583346 | | g1 | 1 | |
| | 479 | | - 3 | - 2 | 0.00881 | 0.30171 | -0.23334 | 1.85917 | 489636 | | للو | 1 | |
| | 722 | | | 2 | -0.00806 | -0.30196 | 0.23241 | 1.86104 | 419872 | | للو | 1 | |
| M | 982 | | | -2 | -0.03177 | -0.37651 | -0.03465 | 1.86937 | 415369 | | للو | 1 | |
| | 315 | -1 | 5 | | 0.07048 | -0.51843 | 0.14192 | 1.30842 | 378853 | | للو | 1 | |
| | 497 | 1 | -5 | 0 | -0.06923 | 0.51822 | -0.14272 | 1.30878 | 352686 | i | للو | 1 | |
| C | 984 | 0 | | 2 | -0.00663 | -0.30289 | 0.23069 | 1.86267 | 338523 | i | للو | 1 | |
| 5 | 526 | 1 | -2 | 2 | -0.08024 | 0.21661 | 0.09009 | 2.86077 | 315102 | i | لو | 1 | |
| | 1006 | -1 | 5 | | 0.07260 | -0.51779 | 0.14165 | 1.30939 | 311131 | •••••••••••• | <u></u> | | |
| . | 190 | | 3 | | -0.01995 | -0.34049 | 0.09878 | 1.99753 | 308877 | 1 | يو | L | |
| Ir | 472 **F | 0 | -3 | • | 0.02049 | 0.34003 | -0.09970 | 1.9902D 0 05700 | 300090 | 1 | <u>а</u> г -1 | 1 | |
| | 220 | 1 | - 2 | 2 | -0.10131 | -0.12425 | 0.10903 0 08885 | 2.00120 1 88696 | 303033 | 1 | а 1 | 1 | |
| | 232 | 0 | 1 | * | -0.02201 | -0.32000 | 0.09090 N 19N99 | 2.33020 | 2022 1 0 206020 | ; | gir al | 1 | |
| N | 757 | -1 | , , | - 2 | 0 08026 | -0.21668 | -0 08975 | 2.00100 | 290920 | i | al | 1 | |
| IN | 617 | -1 | 2 | 2 | 0.10389 | -0.13978 | 0.17718 | 2.85494 | 285644 | i | al | 1 | |
| | 806 | 0 | -3 | 0 | 0.02030 | 0.34025 | -0.09903 | 1.99833 | 283537 | i | а а | 1 | |
| | 608 | -1 | ź | ź | 0.10240 | -0.13954 | 0.17663 | 2.86821 | 282449 | i | ړ. | 1 | |
| | 989 | 0 | 3 | 0 | -0.02200 | -0.33987 | 0.09892 | 1.99997 | 276216 | i | لو | l | |
| | 184 | 0 | 3 | ź | -0.00940 | -0.30255 | 0.23222 | 1.85918 | 251280 | i | ц | 1 | ~ |
| | < | | | | | | | | | | | | > |
| | Delete | Up Down | New Reject | hkl forn | nat ger Ofra | octional | - Coordina O angle | ates es 🖲 car | tesian 🔿 de | tector | | Copy to clip Help | Exit sorted Exit |







Now, how does it work in the software:

| (3) Search for known cell | Peak hunting | nit cell finding |
|---------------------------|--|------------------|
| | Unit cell finding with options | |
| | Select unit cell from list of found cells | |
| | Brute force indexation of known cell | indexation with |
| | Indexation from three known reflections | rrent cell |
| | Set orientation matrix by hand | |
| | Unit cell finding in direct space (Clegg) | |
| | Search for smaller unit cell volume | ttice |
| | Search for better x,y detector center | insformation |
| | Remove lambda-half reflections from peak table | |
| | Crystal shape | |
| | Find reflection tails and mark skip | commensurates , |
| | Delete reflection tails | asi-crystals |
| | Check for the sample jumping | |
| | Unit cell gaps | |

| Peak table | Algorithm | | |
|--|---|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Normal peak table | T-vector Dirax | and house in a | the first of the first of the second |
| 🔿 Delta (differential) peak table | C Stereographic | eak hunting | Unit cell finding |
| Sample type | | th options | |
| Single crystal | | m list of found cells | |
| Unit cell limits | min max | tion of known cell | indexation with |
| • SM C PX C User 2. | 0 120.0 Calc | ee known reflections | rrent cell |
| C Twin / multicrystal | min max | trix by hand | |
| # of components 2 💌 2. | 0 120.0 Calc | direct space (Clegg) | |
| Lock present components | | unit cell volume | ttice |
| the Lattice Wizard): | iwin 1 Iwin 2 Iwin 3 | y detector center | insformation |
| HINT: To lock current UB for twin 1, fir 'Current UB to twin'. Then return here | st go to UM TWIN utility and click and select 'Twin 1' checkbox above. | alf reflections from peal | < table |
| 🔲 Consider Bravais lattice type | | | |
| Force identical lattice for all compo | nents | s and mark skip | commensurates , |
| Known cell | | ils | asi-crystals |
| Search known cell 6.936.9310.18 | 89,99,89,96,120,08 | ple jumping | |
| | 0717707170120100 | | • |

Good crystal, good centering, good data collection

 \rightarrow CrysAlisPro usually finds UB

UB still not found:

Dataset very likely not good enough, nevertheless further tricks to find UB

(4) In reciprocal space viewer:

Delete every reflection, that you know is not from the sample

you are interested in

(5) Delete reflection list and hand pick reflections





Cell should now be found

If problems occur: make sure this cell is used during data reduction Transform cell with Unit-Transformation 100/010/001

 \rightarrow CrysAlisPro uses <u>u</u>sed-defined UB



- (1) Introduction to CrysAlisPro
- (2) General remarks
- (3) Centre DAC
- (4) Data collection
- (5) Pre-analysis by user

(6) Best possible data reduction for high pressure data

Get good unit cell

Data reduction

Absorption correction



So now: best possible data reduction for high pressure data







Profile fitting data reduction

Step 2: Experiment run list for data reduction

Run list: F:\0D_Work\HP_DEM0\HP_DEM0_\HP_DEM0_

| *.img | Ŧ |
|-------|---|
|-------|---|

CrysAlis

X

Image dir: F:\OD_Work\HP_DEMO\HP_DEMO_\frames

| <u># 1</u> | суре | start | end | width | exposure | omega | detector | kappa | phi | start | end | |
|------------|-----------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|------------|---------|----------|---------|-----------|----------|---------|-----|
| 1 | 0 | 27.00 | 54.00 | 1.00 | 65.00 | - | 22.09 | -99.00 | 0.00 | 0, | 0 | |
| 2 | 0 | -41.00 | -4.00 | 1.00 | 65.00 | - | 22.09 | 114.00 | 135.00 | 1, | 37 | |
| 3 | 0 | 18.00 | 51.00 | 1.00 | 65.00 | - | 22.09 | -97.00 | -143.00 | 1, | 33 | |
| 4 | 0 | -15.00 | 11.00 | 1.00 | 65.00 | - | -23.42 | -77.00 | -180.00 | 0, | 0 | |
| 5 | 0 | -60.00 | 7.00 | 1.00 | 65.00 | - | -23.42 | 53.00 | -17.00 | 1, | 60 | |
| 6 | • | -36.00 | 21.00 | 1.00 | 65.00 | - | -23.42 | 38.00 | 150.00 | 1, | 57 | |
| 7 | • | -67.00 | -36.00 | 1.00 | 65.00 | - | -23.42 | -38.00 | 60.00 | 1, | 31 | |
| 8 | • | 29.00 | 98.00 | 1.00 | 65.00 | - | 22.09 | -135.00 | 57.00 | 1, | 69 | |
| 9 | • | -26.00 | 13.00 | 1.00 | 65.00 | - | 22.09 | 81.00 | -29.00 | 1, | 39 | |
| 0 | • | -33.00 | 2.00 | 1.00 | 65.00 | - | -23.42 | 22.00 | -23.00 | 1, | 35 | |
| de ha | efault viour | : the who edit the | ıle experir run list - | ment will (-> | evaluated. | To modi | fy this | Edit | start nun | 1 of sel | ected | run |
| | | | | | | | | Luit | ena num | or set | - CIGUT | un |

| offit: CrysAlisPro data reduction assistant (1.0.25) | |
|--|-----------------------------|
| Profile fitting data reduction | CrysAlis |
| Step 3: Basic algorithm parameters | |
| Reflection position prediction | |
| Auto select optimal prediction approach on run basis | |
| Follow model changes on frame by frame basis (moderate | sample wobbling) |
| Follow significant sample wooding (2-cycle 3D peak analysis | |
| Follow sudden (discontinuous) changes of sample orientation | |
| | |
| Orientation search range (max 10 deg) 2.00 Search | steps/deg (max 10) 📃 4 |
| | |
| Edit special pars | |
| | |
| | |
| A previous run of dc proffit has left 3d profile information and/or inte | gration results on the disk |
| Clear data from previous run | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| < <u>Z</u> urück <u>W</u> eiter > Fertig stell | en Abbrechen Hilfe |

| Profile fitting data reduction | CrysAlis | |
|--|---|---|
| tep 3: Basic algorithm parameters | | |
| Reflection position prediction | Proffit special parameters | |
| | 3D intensity integration 2D profile fitting (recommended only for very | Extra corrections |
| Auto select optimal prediction approach on run basis | strong diffraction data) 3D profile fitting (improves weaker data, | Apply inverse noar correction (i.ex. and noor ned correct |
| Follow model changes on frame by frame basis (moderate sam | Reflection positioning and integration | Apply float correction (f.ex. additional flood field correction) |
| Follow significant sample wobbling (2-cycle 3D peak analysis) | Single wavelength only (recommended exclusively for data up to 1.5 Ang, i.e. large molecules) | |
| Follow sudden (discontinuous) changes of sample orientation | HKL check in 3D peak analysis (recommended when reflections are very close to each other) | Apply pixelwise absorption correction (prepared by DC ABST Apply monitor renormalization Use file for monitor |
| | Skip filters | DC JETSHADOW (to visualize beforehand use 'beamstop mask') |
| Orientation search range (may 10 deg) | Lorentz min = 0.0500 Edit DAC angle | Use JetShadow Edit para alpha: 30,00, beta: 0.00, jet_width: 13,00, jet_distance: 6.00 |
| Unerkalion search hange (max to deg) | Use resolution limits | |
| | d-value (Ang): inf- 0.74 2theta (deg): 0.00- 57.41 | Override integration mask size (generally not |
| Edit special pars | Extinction rules | for strongly overlapping reflections e.g. twins) |
| | No extinction rules specified Show rules | Follow profile size changes with incidence angle Adjust masks according to prediction uncertainty (for high a |
| | and DC CLEAREXTINCT to remove selected or all rules from the list | Print average profiles to history window |
| | | ок 🔰 |
| A previous run of do proffit has left 3d profile information and/or integratio | on results on the disk | |
| A provide fair of do profix has low of profile information and of integrate | | |
| Clear data from previous run | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| - Zurück Matters Earlie staller | Abbrachan Hilfa | |

Proffit special parameters X 3D intensity integration Extra corrections C 2D profile fitting (recommended only for very Apply inverse float correction (f.ex. undo flood field correction) strong diffraction data) ♂ 3D profile fitting (improves weaker data, default option) Apply float correction (f.ex. additional flood field correction) Reflection positioning and integration Single wavelength only (recommended exclusively for data up to 1.5 Ang, i.e. large molecules) Apply pixelwise absorption correction (prepared by DC ABSTORUN) HKL check in 3D peak analysis (recommended when reflections are very close to each other) Use file for monitor values Apply monitor renormalization -Skip filters DC JETSHADOW (to visualize beforehand use 'beamstop mask') Lorentz min = 0.0500 Edit Lorentz min Use JetShadow Edit parameters ✓ HP cell opening reject 40.00 Edit DAC angle alpha: 30.00, beta: 0.00, jet_width: 13.00, jet_distance: 6.00 Edit limits Use resolution limits Profile fitting d-value (Ang); inf- 0.74 2theta (deg): 0.00-57.41 Override integration mask size (generally not of original recommended, but smaller mask can be useful 1.00 size for strongly overlapping reflections e.g. twins) Extinction rules No extinction rules specified Follow profile size changes with incidence angle Adjust masks according to prediction uncertainty (for high angle data) HINT: You can use DC EXTINCT to add extinction rules and DC CLEAREXTINCT to remove selected or all rules Print average profiles to history window from the list OK Cancel
| Profile fitting data reduction | CrysAlis |
|--|---|
| itep 3: Basic algorithm parameters | |
| Reflection position prediction | |
| Auto select optimal prediction approach on run basis | |
| Follow model changes on frame by frame basis (moderate | e sample wobbling) |
| | |
| Follow significant sample wobbling (2-cycle 3D peak analysis Follow sudden (discontinuous) changes of sample orientation | .) 1 |
| Follow significant sample wobbling (2-cycle 3D peak analysis Follow sudden (discontinuous) changes of sample orientation Orientation search range (max 10 deg) 2.00 Search | n n steps/deg (max 10) 🚺 4 |
| Follow significant sample wobbling (2-cycle 3D peak analysis Follow sudden (discontinuous) changes of sample orientation Orientation search range (max 10 deg) 2.00 Search | n n steps/deg (max 10) 🚺 4 |
| Follow significant sample wobbling (2-cycle 3D peak analysis Follow sudden (discontinuous) changes of sample orientation Orientation search range (max 10 deg) 2.00 Search | e) n steps/deg (max 10) 🚺 4 |
| Follow significant sample wobbling (2-cycle 3D peak analysis Follow sudden (discontinuous) changes of sample orientation Orientation search range (max 10 deg) 2.00 Search | n n steps/deg (max 10) 14 |
| Follow significant sample wobbling (2-cycle 3D peak analysis Follow sudden (discontinuous) changes of sample orientation Orientation search range (max 10 deg) 2.00 Search Edit special pars A previous run of dc proffit has left 3d profile information and/or integration. | egration results on the disk |
| Follow significant sample wobbling (2-cycle 3D peak analysis Follow sudden (discontinuous) changes of sample orientation Orientation search range (max 10 deg) 2.00 Search Edit special pars A previous run of dc proffit has left 3d profile information and/or integer data from previous run | n n steps/deg (max 10) – 4 – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – |
| Follow significant sample wobbling (2-cycle 3D peak analysis Follow sudden (discontinuous) changes of sample orientation Orientation search range (max 10 deg) 2.00 Search Edit special pars A previous run of dc proffit has left 3d profile information and/or integration Clear data from previous run | n steps/deg (max 10) 14 |

| Proffit: CrysAlisPro data reduction assistant (1.0.25) Proffile fitting data reduction Pro Pro Pro Pro Pro Pro Alis | X V = 423.1(2) Constrained cell 6.9264(6) 6.9264(6) 10.1846(6) 90.0 90.0 120.0 V = 423.15(6) Symmetry Laue class: 1bar P-lattice |
|--|---|
| Step 4: Background evaluation Background for 3D centroids For an acurate evaluation of integrated intensities a good background determination is essential. Two parameters control this evaluation: The evaluation range Re and the repeat frequency Fr. Re = 25 Edit Re Fr = 25 Edit Fr Binning may reduce the memory requirements for the background evaluation. Default is 1. You may use 2 or 4 in case of lack of physical memory on your machine (risk of swapping)! © 1 © 2 C 4 Reduce background accumulation to SHORT type (saves memory) Required disk/memory space for background evaluation: 48.7/50.0 Mb 48.7/50.0 Mb | AVERAGE UNIT CELL FROM PROFFIT Constrained cell (1008 obs) 6.9264(6) 6.9264(6) 10.1846(6) 90.0 90.0 120.0 V = 423.15(6) FINAL UNIT CELL FOR SELECTED SG Constrained cell (1008 obs) 6.9264(6) 6.9264(6) 10.1846(6) 90.0 90.0 120.0 V = 423.15(6) PEAK TABLE UB fit with 1008 obs out of 1008 (total:1008,skipped:0) (100.00%) INSTRUMENT MODEL X-ray wavelength: Mo x-cen: 996.9059 y-cen: 1000.4268 |
| Background for 3D integration | Editing smart background evaluation range: |
| Average background from 3D centroid evalutation (good for stable & low background, fast) Smart background (combination of local and average background computation, good for weaker data with bird background and locally features, e.g. protein data, slower) | Please enter evaluation range (1,15) - current value 3. Range width must be an odd number. |
| Frame range = 3 Edit range | B OK Cancel |
| < <u>Z</u> urück <u>W</u> eiter > Fertig stellen Abbrechen Hilfe | |

| offit: CrysA | lisPro data reduction assistant (1.0.25) | | |
|--|---|---|---|
| Pro | file fitting data reduction | CrysAlis | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| Step 5: Ou | tlier rejection | | |
| • | aler refection | | |
| CCD data | sets usually contain more than the unique data required l | for the structure determination. This | |
| CCD data redundant The reject | sets usually contain more than the unique data required I data can be used to check for measurement outliers. ion is based on R. Blessing (1997), J. Appl. Cryst. and ad | for the structure determination. This Iditional CCD specific criteria. | |
| CCD data redundant The reject | sets usually contain more than the unique data required I data can be used to check for measurement outliers. ion is based on R. Blessing (1997), J. Appl. Cryst. and ad | for the structure determination. This Iditional CCD specific criteria. | |
| CCD data redundant The reject | sets usually contain more than the unique data required I data can be used to check for measurement outliers. ion is based on R. Blessing (1997), J. Appl. Cryst. and ad jection | for the structure determination. This Iditional CCD specific criteria. |] |
| CCD data redundant The reject Outline Outline Don't | sets usually contain more than the unique data required I data can be used to check for measurement outliers. ion is based on R. Blessing (1997), J. Appl. Cryst. and ad jection use outlier rejection | for the structure determination. This Iditional CCD specific criteria. | |
| CCD data redundant The reject Outline O Don'l | sets usually contain more than the unique data required I data can be used to check for measurement outliers. ion is based on R. Blessing (1997), J. Appl. Cryst. and ad jection use outlier rejection outlier rejection: | for the structure determination. This Iditional CCD specific criteria. | |
| CCD data redundant The reject Outline Outline Don't | sets usually contain more than the unique data required I data can be used to check for measurement outliers. ion is based on R. Blessing (1997), J. Appl. Cryst. and ad jection use outlier rejection use outlier rejection: 1 8.92395 6.92125 10.18177 89.94968 90.1 | for the structure determination. This Iditional CCD specific criteria. | |

| Proffit: CrysAlisPro data reduction assistant (1.0.25) | × |
|---|------------------------------------|
| | |
| Profile fitting data reduction | CrysAlis |
| Step 6: Output | |
| Tip: You may change the output name and directory to keep results parameter sets (UB, supercells) Output file name: F:\OD_Work\HP_DEMO\HP_DEMO_k01 Change output name | of data reductions under different |
| Space group determination Automatic | Manual |
| Automatic structure solution (AutoChem) | AutoChem options |
| Chemical formula not available | |
| Completeness computation | |
| Make unwarp pictures Max o der (one for h, k, l): | 0 Resolution: 0.80 |
| < <u>Z</u> urück <u>W</u> eiter > Fertig st | ellen Abbrechen Hilfe |



Inspect data collection and reduction results



- - -

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| Data reduction file | e contents | Data redu | ction output | Red graphs | Í | Data collection of | output | Devid | ces log |
|---------------------|------------|-----------|--------------|------------|---------|--------------------|--------|-------|---------|
| 1.27-1.11 | 238 | 238 | 29 | 8.2 | 4134.71 | 9.62 | 0.051 | 0.063 | 0.067 🔺 |
| 1.11-1.03 | 204 | 200 | 29 | 6.9 | 2870.75 | 7.44 | 0.100 | 0.112 | 0.093 |
| 1.03-0.95 | 207 | 207 | 29 | 7.1 | 3588.85 | 7.80 | 0.064 | 0.077 | 0.090 |
| 0.95-0.90 | 160 | 160 | 29 | 5.5 | 1760.28 | 4.97 | 0.086 | 0.103 | 0.137 |
| 0.90-0.85 | 153 | 153 | 29 | 5.3 | 1900.35 | 4.77 | 0.080 | 0.091 | 0.142 |
| 0.85-0.80 | 146 | 146 | 29 | 5.0 | 2089.86 | 4.95 | 0.090 | 0.100 | 0.147 |
| 0.80-0.76 | 72 | 72 | 33 | 2.2 | 2164.78 | 4.80 | 0.090 | 0.101 | 0.149 |
| inf-0.76 | 1954 | 1948 | 294 | 6.6 | 4568.93 | 11.20 | 0.053 | 0.065 | 0.062 |
| inf-0.80 | 1895 | 1889 | 266 | 7.1 | 4638.78 | 11.39 | 0.052 | 0.064 | 0.061 |

| Statistics | vs resol | ution (ta | king redu | ndancy | into account) | - point | group symme | etry: P6 | / m |
|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|---------------|---------|-------------|----------|---------|
| resolu- | # | # | # | * | average | mean | mean | | |
| tion(A) | kept | theory | unique c | omplete | redundancy | F2 | F2/sig(F2) | Rint | RsigmaB |
| inf-1.93 | 267 | 29 | 29 | 100.0 | 9.2 | 7801.31 | 70.75 | 0.032 | 0.010 |
| 1.89-1.48 | 259 | 29 | 29 | 100.0 | 8.9 | 8523.08 | 63.74 | 0.044 | 0.015 |
| 1.45-1.27 | 246 | 31 | 29 | 93.5 | 8.5 | 5184.41 | 39.92 | 0.047 | 0.019 |
| 1.27-1.11 | 238 | 34 | 29 | 85.3 | 8.2 | 4134.71 | 31.74 | 0.051 | 0.027 |
| 1.11-1.03 | 200 | 31 | 29 | 93.5 | 6.9 | 2870.75 | 21.31 | 0.100 | 0.040 |
| 1.03-0.95 | 207 | 39 | 29 | 74.4 | 7.1 | 3588.85 | 23.12 | 0.064 | 0.038 |
| 0.95-0.90 | 160 | 35 | 29 | 82.9 | 5.5 | 1760.28 | 12.45 | 0.086 | 0.063 |
| 0.90-0.85 | 153 | 41 | 29 | 70.7 | 5.3 | 1900.35 | 11.41 | 0.080 | 0.065 |
| 0.85-0.80 | 146 | 44 | 29 | 65.9 | 5.0 | 2089.86 | 11.89 | 0.090 | 0.069 |
| 0.80-0.76 | 72 | 58 | 33 | 56.9 | 2.2 | 2164.78 | 8.78 | 0.090 | 0.095 |
| inf-0.76 | 1948 | 371 | 294 | 79.2 | 6.6 | 4568.93 | 34.87 | 0.053 | 0.030 |
| inf-0.80 | 1889 | 318 | 266 | 83.6 | 7.1 | 4638.78 | 35.68 | 0.052 | 0.028 |
| Data reduc | tion ende | d at Wed | Aug 01 12 | :00:23 | 2012 | | | | |

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Refinalize

Abs display

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Inspect data collection and reduction results



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| Data reduction file | Data reduction file contents | | ction output | Red graphs | l l | Data collection | output | Devi | ces log |
|---------------------|------------------------------|------|--------------|------------|---------|-----------------|--------|-------|---------|
| 1.27-1.11 | 238 | 238 | 29 | 8.2 | 4134.71 | 9.62 | 0.051 | 0.063 | 0.067 🔺 |
| 1.11-1.03 | 204 | 200 | 29 | 6.9 | 2870.75 | 7.44 | 0.100 | 0.112 | 0.093 |
| 1.03-0.95 | 207 | 207 | 29 | 7.1 | 3588.85 | 7.80 | 0.064 | 0.077 | 0.090 |
| 0.95-0.90 | 160 | 160 | 29 | 5.5 | 1760.28 | 4.97 | 0.086 | 0.103 | 0.137 |
| 0.90-0.85 | 153 | 153 | 29 | 5.3 | 1900.35 | 4.77 | 0.080 | 0.091 | 0.142 |
| 0.85-0.80 | 146 | 146 | 29 | 5.0 | 2089.86 | 4.95 | 0.090 | 0.100 | 0.147 |
| 0.80-0.76 | 72 | 72 | 33 | 2.2 | 2164.78 | 4.80 | 0.090 | 0.101 | 0.149 |
| inf-0.76 | 1954 | 1948 | 294 | 6.6 | 4568.93 | 11.20 | 0.053 | 0.065 | 0.062 |
| inf-0.80 | 1895 | 1889 | 266 | 7.1 | 4638.78 | 11.39 | 0.052 | 0.064 | 0.061 |

| Statistics | vs resol | ution (ta | king reau | ndancy 1 | into account) | - point | group symme | etry: Po | / m |
|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------|---------------|---------|-------------|----------|---------|
| resolu- | # | # | # | * | average | mean | mean | | |
| tion(A) | kept | theory | unique c | omplete | redundancy | F2 | F2/sig(F2) | Rint | RsigmaB |
| inf-1.93 | 267 | 29 | 29 | 100.0 | 9.2 | 7801.31 | 70.75 | 0.032 | 0.010 |
| 1.89-1.48 | 259 | 29 | 29 | 100.0 | 8.9 | 8523.08 | 63.74 | 0.044 | 0.015 |
| 1.45-1.27 | 246 | 31 | 29 | 93.5 | 8.5 | 5184.41 | 39.92 | 0.047 | 0.019 |
| 1.27-1.11 | 238 | 34 | 29 | 85.3 | 8.2 | 4134.71 | 31.74 | 0.051 | 0.027 |
| 1.11-1.03 | 200 | 31 | 29 | 93.5 | 6.9 | 2870.75 | 21.31 | 0.100 | 0.040 |
| 1.03-0.95 | 207 | 39 | 29 | 74.4 | 7.1 | 3588.85 | 23.12 | 0.064 | 0.038 |
| 0.95-0.90 | 160 | 35 | 29 | 82.9 | 5.5 | 1760.28 | 12.45 | 0.086 | 0.063 |
| 0.90-0.85 | 153 | 41 | 29 | 70.7 | 5.3 | 1900.35 | 11.41 | 0.080 | 0.065 |
| 0.85-0.80 | 146 | 44 | 29 | 65.9 | 5.0 | 2089.86 | 11.89 | 0.090 | 0.069 |
| 0.80-0.76 | 72 | 58 | 33 | 56.9 | 2.2 | 2164.78 | 8.78 | 0.090 | 0.095 |
| inf-0.76 | 1948 | 371 | 294 | 79.2 | 6.6 | 4568.93 | 34.87 | 0.053 | 0.030 |
| inf-0.80 | 1889 | 318 | 266 | 83.6 | 7.1 | 4638.78 | 35.68 | 0.052 | 0.028 |
| Data reduc | tion ende | d at Wed | Aug 01 12 | :00:23 2 | 2012 | | | | |

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| Data reduction finalizing - rrp file to hkl file (1.6.6) | × | Data Reduction |
|--|---|--|
| Data reduction finalizing - rrp file to hkl file | CrysAlis | <u>FRAMES/RUNS</u> In run list: 421/10, u |
| Chemical formula K2 Zr Si3 09 Z= 2.00 Edit formula Outlier rejection Use outlier rejection: -3 (hex-c) NP 6.90782 6.91614 10.18297 90.01084 89.98175 119.90899 Use Friedel mates as equivalent | Absorption correction Apply face based absorption correction Analytical absorption correction No face information available! Show face list Apply Apply | 3D PROFILE ANALYSIS Frames done: 361 Reflections tested: 15 Avg mosaicity (in degr e1=0.64, e2=0.61, e3= 3D INTEGRATION & FITTING Frames done: 361 Fitted: 1954, overflow Outliers rejected: 25 FINALIZATION INPUT FILE Filename: 03 |
| Sigma calculation control/Overlap+twin reject Limits, filters and la Image: Estimate error model Error model options Image: Override rejection par 0.5000 6.0000 Image: Use overlap rejection 100.0000 Image: Use twin rejection 0.0000 Image: Use twin rejection 0.00000 Image: Use twin rejection 100.0000 Image: Use twin rejection Image: Use twin rejection | attice extinction filters ity sigma lin: -3,0 d-value (Ang): inf- 0.80 2theta (deg): 0.00: 52,63 Edit res limits 2theta (deg): 0.00: 52,63 Flattice 0 active filters | Space group determination options X Refinalize data using space group cell, Laue or lattice type (required for consistent .cif, .od_cif, .mtz output) Keep current lattice Remove lattice absent reflections from output HKL file Remove space-group-absent reflections from output HKL file |
| Data items in *.hkl file - for use in external programs Image: Data items in *.hkl file - for use in external programs Image: Data items in *.hkl file - for use in external programs Image: Data items in *.hkl file - for use in external programs Image: Data items in *.hkl file - for use in external programs Image: Data items in *.hkl file - for use in external HP info (SHELX definition) - external HP correction Image: Data items in *.hkl file in wing and 0 lex2 subfolders (\struct*_03) - provided that output hkl file is compatible with existing structure Tip: You may change the output name and directory to keep results of data reductions under different parameter set (, struct, signa parameter set (, struct, with the existing parameter set (, struct, with the parameter set (, struct, with the existing parameter set (, struct, wither existing parameter set (, struct, wi | User modifications Export .eqv file Export Stoe *.crs Export sadabs *_1.raw; Export CIF file Export CIF file Scaling and empirical decorption Scaling and empirical decorption Space group determination (GRAL) Completeness (U.80 Ang) Completeness (U.80 Ang) C | Run GRAL in silent mode Show all space groups from a branch Show lattice selection window Run GRAL in interactive mode Create IN5 file Limit space groups taken into consideration All noncentrosymmetric Chiral only |
| Change output name | OK Cancel | OK Cancel |

| Data reduction finalizin | g - rrp fi | ile to hkl file | (1.6.6) |
|--------------------------|------------|-----------------|---------|
|--------------------------|------------|-----------------|---------|

| Chemical formula | | Absorption correction |
|---|--------------------------------------|---|
| Not available | Edit formula | Apply face based absorption correction |
| Jutlier rejection | | Analytical absorption correction No face information available! |
| Use outlier rejection: -3 (hex-c) | on't use outlier rejection | |
| hP 6.90782 6.91614 10.18297 90.01084 89.98175 119. | .90899 | |
| Use Friedel mates as equivalent | | Show face list |
| | | Apply - Spherical abs (μr)= 0.070 |
| igma calculation control/Overlap+twin reject | Limits, filters and la | ttice extinction filters |
| Estimate error model Error model options | 🔽 Neg intensi | ity sigma lim -3,0 Edit sig limit |
| Override rejection par 0,5000 6,0000 Edit rej. par | Resolution | d-value (Ang): inf- 0.80 Edit res limits |
| Use overlap rejection 100,0000 Edit overlap rej | © N | o filter 🔿 use filter for: 🛛 🖂 |
| Use twin rejection (C < C > 100,0000 Edit twin rej | Filters | 0 active filters |
| ata items in * bkLfilo - fer use in enternal pregrame | | User modifications |
| Beam path information (for absoprtion correction)/special formats | | Export .eqv file |
| direction cosines (SHELX definition) - external absorption correct | ion 💌 | Export Stoe *.crs |
| | | Export sadabs *_1.raw; |
| direction cosines (SHELA derinition) - external absorption correction direction cosines (Busing&Levy definition) - external absorption co | orrection | Export MTZ file |
| direction cosines (SHELX definition plus XD related data) - extern | na line nal absorption correction | Scaling and empirical absorption Edit ABSPACK |
| Schwatzenbach psr plus exp. Info - scale3 abs/pack/abspack direction cosines plus exp. info plus HP info (SHELX definition) - i | external HP correction | Space group determination (GRAL) Space group options |
| : Monnal III file without batch number erent parameter sets (Limits, sigma parameters) | | Completeness (0.80 Ang) |
| | | |

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Absorption correction:

| | Programme |
|---------------|---|
| + + 10 | |
| 08:30-09:00 | D.R. Allan, How to perform HP single-crystal diffraction at Diamond |
| 09:00-09:30 | M. Hanfland, How to perform HP single-crystal diffraction at ESRF |
| 09:30-09:45 | Discussion |
| 09:45-10:30 | R.J. Angel, Absorption and other intensity corrections |
| 10:30-11:00 | Coffee Break |
| 11:00-11:30 | General discussion, requests for afternoon sessions |
| 11:30-12:30 | K. Friese, Refinements to high-pressure data |
| 12:30-13:30 # | Lunch · · · · · |
| | |

Afternoon Parallel Sessions

| 13:30-14:30 | ŕ | R.J. Angel, Absorption corrections with Absorb | Open sessions and problem solving |
|-------------|-----------|--|--|
| 14:30-15:30 | | K. Friese, A. Grzechnik, H.P. refinement, mostly Jana2006 | Open sessions and problem solving |
| 15:30-16:00 | Ð | Coffee Break | a a . |
| 16:00-17:00 | 9. 10. | T. Boffa-Ballaran, Fitting equations of state (EoSfit) | R.J. Angel, Post-refinement parametric data handling |

Next version of *CrysAlisPro* Call Program Absorb from *CrysAlisPro* directly \rightarrow Mathias Meyer New feature in CrysAlisPro:

Reject reflections with bad reflection profile: If diamond reflection lies on a sample reflection

vsAlis

and

Reject defined regions diamond reflections and diamond tails From peak list

Profile fitting data reduction

Step 3: Basic algorithm parameters

Proffit special parameters 3D intensity integration Extra corrections 2D profile fitting (recommended only for very Apply inverse float cor strong diffraction data) 3D profile fitting (improves weaker data, default option) Apply float correction Reflection positioning and integration Single wavelength only (recommended exclusively for data up to 1.5 Ang, i.e. large molecules) Apply pixelwise absor HKL check in 3D peak analysis (recommended when reflections are very close to each other) Apply monitor renorma Skip filters DC JETSHADOW (to visualize Edit Lorentz min Lorentz min = 0.0500Use JetShadow HP cell opening reject 40.00 Edit DAC angle Edit limits Use resolution limits Profile fitting Override integration m recommended, but sm Reject reflections with bad profiles (e.g. for HP data) for strongly overlapping I/sig > 10 8 Profile agreement < 0.8 Follow profile size char Adjust masks accordin Extinction rules

Questions?

ASK colleges with experience in high pressure data integration

X-ray Diffraction Forum:

http://www.agilentxrdforum.com/

http://www.agilentxrdforum.com/yaf_login.aspx?returnurl=%2fdefault.aspx